Pyle disease

Pyle disease is a disorder of the bones. Its hallmark feature is an abnormality of the long bones in the arms and legs in which the ends (metaphyses) of the bones are abnormally broad; the shape of the bones resembles a boat oar or paddle. The broad metaphyses are due to enlargement of the spongy inner layer of bone (trabecular bone). Although trabecular bone is expanded, the dense outermost layer of bone (cortical bone) is thinner than normal. As a result, the bones are fragile and fracture easily. The bone abnormalities in the legs commonly cause knock knees (genu valgum) in affected individuals.

Other bone abnormalities can also occur in Pyle disease. Affected individuals may have widened collar bones (clavicles), ribs, or bones in the fingers and hands. Dental problems are common in Pyle disease, including delayed appearance (eruption) of permanent teeth and misalignment of the top and bottom teeth (malocclusion).

Frequency

Pyle disease is thought to be a rare disorder, although its prevalence is unknown. More than 25 cases have been described in the medical literature.

Genetic Changes

Pyle disease is caused by mutations in the *SFRP4* gene. This gene provides instructions for making a protein that blocks (inhibits) a process called Wnt signaling, which is involved in the development of several tissues and organs throughout the body. In particular, regulation of Wnt signaling by the SFRP4 protein is critical for normal bone development and remodeling. Bone remodeling is a normal process in which old bone is broken down and new bone is created to replace it. Mutations in the *SFRP4* gene are thought to prevent the production of functional SFRP4 protein. The resulting dysregulation of Wnt signaling leads to the bone abnormalities characteristic of Pyle disease.

Inheritance Pattern

Pyle disease is inherited in an autosomal recessive pattern, which means both copies of the *SFRP4* gene in each cell have mutations. The parents of an individual with an autosomal recessive condition each carry one copy of the mutated gene. While they do not develop the condition, they may have mild abnormalities of the long bones.

Other Names for This Condition

- metaphyseal dysplasia, Pyle type
- Pyle metaphyseal dysplasia
- Pyle's disease
- Pyle's metaphyseal dysplasia syndrome

Diagnosis & Management

Genetic Testing

 Genetic Testing Registry: Pyle metaphyseal dysplasia https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gtr/conditions/C0265294/

General Information from MedlinePlus

- Diagnostic Tests https://medlineplus.gov/diagnostictests.html
- Drug Therapy https://medlineplus.gov/drugtherapy.html
- Genetic Counseling https://medlineplus.gov/geneticcounseling.html
- Palliative Care https://medlineplus.gov/palliativecare.html
- Surgery and Rehabilitation https://medlineplus.gov/surgeryandrehabilitation.html

Additional Information & Resources

MedlinePlus

 Health Topic: Bone Diseases https://medlineplus.gov/bonediseases.html

Genetic and Rare Diseases Information Center

 Pyle disease https://rarediseases.info.nih.gov/diseases/4612/pyle-disease

Additional NIH Resources

 National Institute of Arthritis and Musculoskeletal and Skin Diseases: What Is Bone?

https://www.niams.nih.gov/Health_Info/Bone/Bone_Health/default.asp

Educational Resources

- Disease InfoSearch: Pyle disease http://www.diseaseinfosearch.org/Pyle+disease/6110
- Merck Manual Consumer Version: Bones http://www.merckmanuals.com/home/bone,-joint,-and-muscle-disorders/biology-of-the-musculoskeletal-system/bones
- Orphanet: Pyle disease http://www.orpha.net/consor/cgi-bin/OC_Exp.php?Lng=EN&Expert=3005

Patient Support and Advocacy Resources

- International Osteoporosis Foundation https://www.iofbonehealth.org/osteoporosis-musculoskeletal-disorders/skeletal-rare-disorders
- Little People of America: Skeletal Dysplasia Clinics http://www.lpaonline.org/regional-skeletal-dysplasia-clinics
- University of California Los Angeles: International Skeletal Dysplasia Registry http://ortho.ucla.edu/isdr

Scientific Articles on PubMed

PubMed

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed?term=%28%28Pyle+disease%5BTIAB%5D%29+OR+%28Pyle's+disease%5BTIAB%5D%29+OR+%28Pyle+metaphyseal+dysplasia%5BTIAB%5D%29%29+AND+english%5Bla%5D+AND+human%5Bmh%5D

OMIM

 PYLE DISEASE http://omim.org/entry/265900

Sources for This Summary

- Galada C, Shah H, Shukla A, Girisha KM. A novel sequence variant in SFRP4 causing Pyle disease. J Hum Genet. 2017 Jan 19. doi: 10.1038/jhg.2016.166. [Epub ahead of print] Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/28100910
- Haraguchi R, Kitazawa R, Mori K, Tachibana R, Kiyonari H, Imai Y, Abe T, Kitazawa S. sFRP4-dependent Wnt signal modulation is critical for bone remodeling during postnatal development and age-related bone loss. Sci Rep. 2016 Apr 27;6:25198. doi: 10.1038/srep25198.
 Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/27117872
 Free article on PubMed Central: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC4846872/

- Simsek Kiper PO, Saito H, Gori F, Unger S, Hesse E, Yamana K, Kiviranta R, Solban N, Liu J, Brommage R, Boduroglu K, Bonafé L, Campos-Xavier B, Dikoglu E, Eastell R, Gossiel F, Harshman K, Nishimura G, Girisha KM, Stevenson BJ, Takita H, Rivolta C, Superti-Furga A, Baron R. Cortical-Bone Fragility--Insights from sFRP4 Deficiency in Pyle's Disease. N Engl J Med. 2016 Jun 30; 374(26):2553-62. doi: 10.1056/NEJMoa1509342.
 - Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/27355534
 Free article on PubMed Central: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC5070790/
- Wonkam A, Makubalo N, Roberts T, Chetty M. Pyle metaphyseal dysplasia in an African child: Case report and review of the literature. S Afr Med J. 2016 May 25;106(6 Suppl 1):S110-3. doi: 10.7196/ SAMJ.2016.v106i6.11011.

Citation on PubMed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/27245543

Reprinted from Genetics Home Reference:

https://ghr.nlm.nih.gov/condition/pyle-disease

Reviewed: March 2017 Published: March 21, 2017

Lister Hill National Center for Biomedical Communications U.S. National Library of Medicine National Institutes of Health Department of Health & Human Services